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## **Structure Reports**

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# 3,8-Dimethylquinazoline-2,4(1*H*,3*H*)-dione

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 295 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.002 Å; R factor = 0.043; wR factor = 0.143; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.7.

In the title compound,  $C_{10}H_{10}N_2O_2$ , all non-H atoms are approximately co-planar with an r.m.s. deviation of 0.016 Å. In the crystal, molecules are linked into inversion dimers by pairs of  $N-H\cdots O$  hydrogen bonds. Chains along [010] are built up by  $\pi-\pi$  interactions [centroid–centroid distance = 3.602 (1) Å] between the benzene and piperazine rings of adjacent molecules.

#### **Related literature**

For the synthesis and background to the title compound, see Feng et al. (2010).

#### **Experimental**

Crystal data

 $C_{10}H_{10}N_2O_2$ 

 $M_r=190.20$ 

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$  Z=4 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation b=4.8599 (10) Å  $\mu=0.10~\mathrm{mm}^{-1}$  C=22.288 (5) Å  $T=295~\mathrm{K}$  C=22.288 (5) Å C=29.29 (5) C=29.29 (6) C=29.29 (7) C=29.29 (8) C=

#### Data collection

Rigaku R-AXIS RAPID 8373 measured reflections diffractometer 2085 independent reflections Absorption correction: multi-scan (ABSCOR; Higashi, 1995)  $T_{\min} = 0.972, \, T_{\max} = 0.981$   $R_{\text{int}} = 0.030$ 

#### Refinement

 $\begin{array}{ll} R[F^2>2\sigma(F^2)]=0.043 & \text{H atoms treated by a mixture of} \\ wR(F^2)=0.143 & \text{independent and constrained} \\ S=1.10 & \text{refinement} \\ 2085 \text{ reflections} & \Delta\rho_{\max}=0.22 \text{ e Å}^{-3} \\ 133 \text{ parameters} & \Delta\rho_{\min}=-0.18 \text{ e Å}^{-3} \end{array}$ 

Table 1 Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\mathring{A}$ ,  $^{\circ}$ ).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-\mathrm{H}$	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D-\mathrm{H}\cdots A$		
$N2-H1\cdots O2^{i}$	0.888 (19)	2.011 (19)	2.8931 (17)	171.8 (17)		
Symmetry code: (i) $-x + 1$ , $-y + 2$ , $-z + 1$ .						

Data collection: *RAPID-AUTO* (Rigaku, 1998); cell refinement: *RAPID-AUTO*; data reduction: *CrystalStructure* (Rigaku/MSC, 2002); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: NG5192).

#### References

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supplementary m	aterials	

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, o1927 [doi:10.1107/S1600536811025232]

# 3,8-Dimethylquinazoline-2,4(1*H*,3*H*)-dione

W.-Y. Qin, B. Liu, C.-W. Duan and Q.-X. Yin

#### Comment

The title compound is the intermediate of a kind of highly potent and selective insecticide (Feng *et al.*, 2010). Herein, we report the synthesis and crystal structure of the title compound.

In the title compound,  $C_{10}H_{10}N_2O_2$ , all non-hydrogen atoms lie on the same plane with the Rms about 0.016 Å, the largest deviation being 0.037 (1) Å for atom O2 (Figure 1).

The isolated title compound molecules are linked by N—H···O hydrogen bonds into dimers (Figure 2, Table 1). Furthermore, the chain structures alone [010] direction are bulit up by /pi-/pi interactions (center to center distances of 3.602 (1) Å) between the phenyl groups and piperazinyl groups of the adjacent molecules (Figure 3).

### **Experimental**

The title compound was synthesized as the reference method (Feng *et al.*, 2010): To a solution of 2-amino-*N*,3-dimethylbenzamide (1.64 g, 1.0 mmol) in THF (20 ml), bis(trichloromethyl)-carbonate (1.0 g, 0.33 mmol) was added, and then keep stirring for 2h. After that THF was removed and water (20 ml) was added slowly. The resulting suspension was filtered, and the solids were washed with water (15 ml) and dried (yield 65%). The crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction were obtained by slow evaporation from methanol solution at room temperature for several days.

#### Refinement

H atoms bound to C atoms were placed in calculated positions and treated as riding on their parent atoms, with C—H = 0.93 Å (aromatic); C—H = 0.96 Å (methyl), and with  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C)$ , while N-bound H atom was found from Fourier-map and was freely refined.

### **Figures**



Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound, showing displacement ellipsoids at the 50% probability level for non-H atoms.

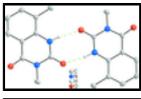


Fig. 2. A dimer structure showing the N—H···O hydrogen bonds, no involving H atoms have been omitted for clarity.

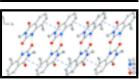


Fig. 3. A partial packing view, showing chain structure forming by  $\pi$ - $\pi$  interactions along [010] direction, no involving H atoms have been omitted for clarity.

# 3,8-Dimethylquinazoline-2,4(1H,3H)-dione

Crystal data

 $C_{10}H_{10}N_2O_2$ 

 $M_r = 190.20$ 

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$ 

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc a = 8.3604 (17) Å

b = 4.8599 (10) Å

c = 22.288 (5) Å

 $\beta = 92.09 (3)^{\circ}$ 

 $V = 905.0 (3) \text{ Å}^3$ 

Z = 4

F(000) = 400

 $D_{\rm x} = 1.396 \; {\rm Mg \; m}^{-3}$ 

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ 

Cell parameters from 6086 reflections

 $\theta = 3.0-27.5^{\circ}$ 

 $\mu = 0.10 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ 

T = 295 K

Block, colorless

 $0.29\times0.23\times0.19~mm$ 

Data collection

Rigaku R-AXIS RAPID

diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

graphite

ω scan

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(ABSCOR; Higashi, 1995)

 $T_{\min} = 0.972, T_{\max} = 0.981$ 

8373 measured reflections

2085 independent reflections

1497 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$ 

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.030$ 

 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.5^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 3.0^{\circ}$ 

 $h = -10 \rightarrow 10$ 

 $k = -6 \rightarrow 6$ 

 $l = -28 \rightarrow 28$ 

Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$ 

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.043$ 

 $wR(F^2) = 0.143$ 

S = 1.10

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct

methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring

sites

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and

constrained refinement

 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_0^2) + (0.0833P)^2 + 0.0221P]$ 

where  $P = (F_0^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ 

2085 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} < 0.001$
133 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.22 \text{ e Å}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta \rho_{\min} = -0.18 \text{ e Å}^{-3}$

## Special details

**Geometry**. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement**. Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on  $F^2$ , conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > 2 \operatorname{sigma}(F^2)$  is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(\hat{A}^2)$ 

	x	y	z	$U_{\rm iso}*/U_{\rm eq}$
C1	0.36317 (16)	0.6713 (2)	0.37609 (6)	0.0319(3)
C2	0.47592 (17)	0.4802(3)	0.35641 (6)	0.0378 (3)
C3	0.43348 (19)	0.3256 (3)	0.30632 (7)	0.0436 (4)
Н3	0.5058	0.1965	0.2927	0.052*
C4	0.2866 (2)	0.3552 (3)	0.27525 (7)	0.0459 (4)
H4	0.2625	0.2481	0.2415	0.055*
C5	0.17879 (18)	0.5421 (3)	0.29463 (6)	0.0420 (4)
H5	0.0807	0.5633	0.2741	0.050*
C6	0.21521 (16)	0.7020(3)	0.34530 (6)	0.0343 (3)
C7	0.09745 (16)	0.8962(3)	0.36722 (6)	0.0371 (3)
C8	0.29243 (17)	1.0222 (3)	0.44833 (6)	0.0359(3)
C9	0.03023 (19)	1.2458 (4)	0.44098 (7)	0.0499 (4)
Н9А	0.0786	1.3429	0.4745	0.075*
H9B	-0.0632	1.1502	0.4536	0.075*
Н9С	0.0002	1.3743	0.4099	0.075*
C10	0.63640 (19)	0.4454 (4)	0.38882 (8)	0.0536 (4)
H10A	0.6956	0.3027	0.3698	0.080*
H10B	0.6206	0.3963	0.4299	0.080*
H10C	0.6950	0.6150	0.3874	0.080*
N1	0.14501 (13)	1.0469 (2)	0.41799 (5)	0.0374(3)
H1	0.486 (2)	0.829(3)	0.4482 (8)	0.056 (5)*
N2	0.39514 (14)	0.8334 (2)	0.42650 (5)	0.0368 (3)
O1	-0.03642 (13)	0.9286 (3)	0.34450 (5)	0.0551 (4)
O2	0.32575 (13)	1.1631 (2)	0.49285 (5)	0.0510(3)

Atomic displacement parameters  $(\mathring{A}^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C1	0.0322 (7)	0.0340 (6)	0.0292 (6)	-0.0020 (5)	-0.0025 (5)	0.0018 (5)

C2	0.0353 (7)	0.0401 (7)	0.0378 (7)	0.0022 (6)	0.0001 (6)	0.0014 (6)
C3	0.0483 (9)	0.0425 (8)	0.0404 (8)	0.0021 (7)	0.0063 (6)	-0.0053 (6)
C4	0.0548 (9)	0.0472 (8)	0.0354 (7)	-0.0065 (7)	-0.0019 (7)	-0.0077(6)
C5	0.0393 (8)	0.0504 (8)	0.0355 (7)	-0.0073 (7)	-0.0088(6)	0.0019 (6)
C6	0.0329 (7)	0.0372 (7)	0.0324 (7)	-0.0013 (6)	-0.0040(5)	0.0042 (5)
C7	0.0321 (7)	0.0425 (7)	0.0361 (7)	-0.0007(6)	-0.0069(5)	0.0052 (6)
C8	0.0321 (7)	0.0410 (7)	0.0343 (7)	0.0042 (6)	-0.0046(5)	-0.0005 (6)
C9	0.0401 (8)	0.0572 (9)	0.0522 (9)	0.0160(7)	0.0007 (7)	-0.0022 (8)
C10	0.0378 (8)	0.0624 (10)	0.0599 (10)	0.0144 (8)	-0.0063 (7)	-0.0102 (8)
N1	0.0291 (6)	0.0434 (6)	0.0393 (6)	0.0069 (5)	-0.0045 (5)	0.0007 (5)
N2	0.0306 (6)	0.0436 (6)	0.0356 (6)	0.0068 (5)	-0.0081(5)	-0.0050(5)
O1	0.0362 (6)	0.0710 (8)	0.0566 (7)	0.0086 (5)	-0.0182 (5)	-0.0021 (6)
O2	0.0438 (6)	0.0614 (7)	0.0467 (6)	0.0140 (5)	-0.0139 (5)	-0.0198 (5)
Geometric par	ameters (Å °)					
_	ameiers (A, )					
C1—N2		1.3901 (17)	C7—			238 (17)
C1—C6		1.4005 (18)	C8—		1.2291 (17)	
C1—C2		1.4049 (19)	C8—		1.3588 (18)	
C2—C3		1.381 (2)	C8—		1.3891 (17)	
C2—C10		1.5099 (19)	C9—		1.4675 (19)	
C3—C4		1.395 (2)	C9—		0.9600	
C3—H3		0.9300	C9—		0.9600	
C4—C5		1.361 (2)	C9—		0.9600	
C4—H4		0.9300		C10—H10A		500
C5—C6		1.395 (2)		C10—H10B		500
C5—H5		0.9300		C10—H10C		500
C6—C7		1.461 (2)	N2—	N2—H1		88 (19)
C7—O1		1.2217 (16)				
N2—C1—C6		118.44 (12)	O2—	-C8—N2	122	.52 (12)
N2—C1—C2		121.04 (11)	O2—	-C8—N1	121	.05 (13)
C6—C1—C2		120.52 (12)	N2—	-C8—N1	116.43 (11)	
C3—C2—C1		117.16 (13)	N1—	-C9—H9A	109.5	
C3—C2—C10		121.54 (13)	N1—	-C9—H9B	109.5	
C1—C2—C10		121.29 (12)	H9A-	—С9—Н9В	109	.5
C2—C3—C4		122.73 (14)	N1—	-С9—Н9С	109.5	
C2—C3—H3		118.6	Н9А-	—С9—Н9С	109	.5
C4—C3—H3		118.6	H9B-	—С9—Н9С	109	.5
C5—C4—C3		119.49 (13)	C2—	C10—H10A	109	.5
C5—C4—H4		120.3	C2—	C2—C10—H10B		.5
C3—C4—H4		120.3	H10A	A—C10—H10B	109	.5
C4—C5—C6		120.07 (13)	C2—	C10—H10C	109	.5
C4—C5—H5		120.0		A—C10—H10C	109	.5
C6—C5—H5		120.0	H10E	3—C10—H10C	109	.5
C5—C6—C1		120.02 (13)	C8—	N1—C7	124	86 (11)
C5—C6—C7		120.04 (12)	C8—	N1—C9	117.	83 (12)
C1—C6—C7		119.92 (12)	C7—	N1—C9	117.	31 (11)
O1—C7—N1		119.92 (13)	C8—	-N2—C1	124	.52 (11)
O1—C7—C6		124.26 (13)	C8—	-N2—H1	111.	4 (11)

N1—C7—C6 115.81 (11) C1—N2—H1 124.1 (11)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A D—H H···A D···A D—H···A N2—H1···O2<sup>i</sup> 0.888 (19) 2.011 (19) 2.8931 (17) 171.8 (17)

Symmetry codes: (i) -x+1, -y+2, -z+1.

Fig. 1

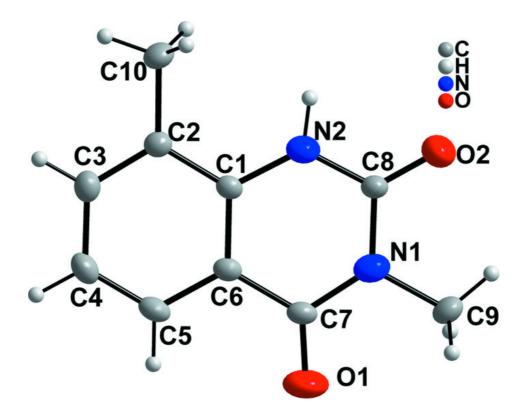


Fig. 2

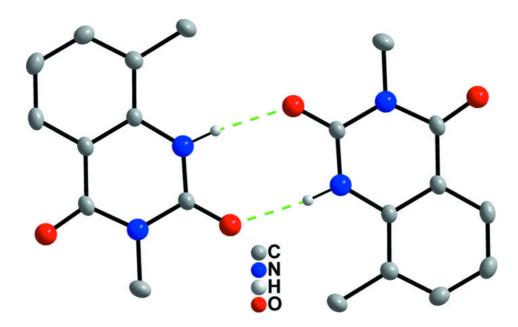


Fig. 3

